## Definitions for csv fields download from Citation Retrieval System (CRS)

Search Result Number	Sequential number of citation retrieved.Not a part of permanent citation record. Csv output
	lists citations alphabetically by Author.
feisid	Unique identifying number assigned by CRS to each citation entered into the system
author	Author(s) of reference. Entered into CRS and displayed here according to RMRS stylesheet:
	last name, first name, with semicolons separating multiple authors.
year	Year of publication
title	Complete title of reference
source	Information that identifies everything in citation OTHER THAN Author, Year, and Title.
Source	Subfields are identified with {}. Note that subfields are combined and reprinted according to
	RMRS stylesheet in last column (formattedSource).
keywords	Keywords for use as search terms to locate references. Keywords are separated by commas.
	Because CRS searches this field based on "contains" logic rather than "equals" logic, some
	keywords are too ambiguous to use effectively without comma delimiters. For example:
	search on "MT" vs. ",MT,". To find definitions of CRS keywords, open the "Search" function on
	the CRS homepage and go to the bottom where you'll find "Keyword Search".
ednotes	Information entered and used by CRS staff
	In general, Type indicates the kind of citation (thesis, journal article, etc.). However, not ALL
type	journal articles are coded for this type because some types (e.g., free form) can be used to
	record many kinds of citations. "Type" is used in CRS to decode the Source field into the
	"formattedSource" field. Reference types used in CRS are:
	···
	Be: Book, Series, or Monograph, Entire
	Bc: Book, Series, or Monograph, Chapter or Section
	Cd: CD-ROM or Online Database
	De: Dissertation, Entire
	Dj: Dissertation, published in a Journal
	Ff: Free Form
	Ja: Journal or Periodical Article
	Ji: Journal or Periodical, Entire Issue
	Mp: Map
	Nb: Newspaper Byline
	Np: Newspaper, No Byline
	Pa: Proceedings Article
	Paj: Proceedings Article, published in a Journal
	Pas: Proceedings Article, published in a Numbered Series
	Pe: Proceedings, Entire
	Pej: Proceedings, Entire, published in a Journal
	Pes: Proceedings, Entire, published in a Numbered Series
	Re: Report (not a book or monograph)
	Se: Series, Entire
	Sc: Series, Chapter or Section
	Up: Unpublished Paper
	Vc: Verbal Communication
	Wb: Web Site
	Wc: Personal Communication
call	Physical location in Fire Effects Library at Missoula Fire Sciences Laboratory. In general, "F"
	indicates file cabinets; "B" indicates bookshelves, and "D" indicates the document is not in the
	Library. Locations are as follows:
	F: file cabinets, filed alphabetically by author
	F(D): Fire Effects Library has only part of document on file
	F(pers. comm.)

	B: bookshelves
	B(bib): Bibliography
	B(CD/microfiche)
	B(desert)
	B(field guides)
	B(fire)
	B(flora)
	B(forestry/mgmt)
	B(glossary)
	B(hts): habitat type and vegetation community descriptions
	B(misc)
	B(no longer used)
	B(oversize)
	B(pers.comm.)
	B(prairie/grass)
	B(range)
	B(rehab)
	B(riparian/wet)
	B(scanned): Filed electronically. Hard copy may not be available.
	B(shrubs)
	B(soil)
	B(spp/genus)
	B(thesis): Theses and dissertations
	B(trees)
	B(weeds)
	B(wildlife)
	D: "Don't have", ie, not in Fire Effects Library
	D(MANS): Available from University of Montana Mansfield Library
	D(MONTU): Available from University of Montana Herbarium
	D(NAL): Available from National Agricultural Library
	FEIS: Online in Fire Effects Information System
edBy	CRS staff person who last changed the citation
edAt	Date and time of last change in citation
status	Nature of citation entry, whether completed or not. Statuses are:
	Published
	Checked
	On Order (not yet available through Visitor search)
	Editing (not yet available through Visitor search)
	On Hold (not yet available through Visitor search)
formattedSource	All information that follows Author, Year, and Title, taken from Source field and formatted for
	output according to RMRS stylesheet.
	F November 2012